







DANGER

Causes serious eve damage. May damage fertility or unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Wash hands and affected area thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes. Avoid release to the environment.

Zinc

(Zn)

103 g/kg

144 a/l

Gluconate chelated

SG (@20 °C) = 1.4 ± 0.02



Registered, Manufactured & Distributed by:: Rolfes Agri (Pty) Ltd. (Reg. No. 1998/013411/07) • 288 Mundt Street, Waltloo, 0184, Gauteng, RSA. • Tel: (012) 803-0145

Emergency contact details Office Hour Poisoning Helpline Rolfes Agri (Pty) Ltd. Tel: +27 (12) 803 0145

Spill Response and Transport incidents Spill Tech, Oil and chemical pollution control Tel: +27 (86) 100 0366 / +27 (83) 253 6618 www.spilltech.co.za



PRECAUTIONS:

- Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
- Wash hands and affected area thoroughly after handling. Do NOT touch eyes.
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection
- IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
 present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- Get medical help.
- IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
- Collect spillage.
- Store locked up.
- Empty all contents from the container by placing it upside down over the spray tank
 and holding it there for at least 30 seconds. Puncture the rinsed container to render it
 useless and send to a recycler (South Africa).

DIRECTIONS FOR IISE: LISE ONLY AS DIRECTED.

RELEVENT HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES:

Zinc Gluconate 30 to 60%. Zinc Acetate < 10%. Boric Acid < 10%.

- For optimum results **GLUCO-ZINC** should be used in a program and in combination with other balanced fertilizers and foliar feeds.
- GLUCO-ZINC is compatible with most agricultural chemicals. It is however advisable
 to do a miscibility test prior to mixing with other chemicals.
- Do NOT mix GLUCO-ZINC with highly alkaline material such as Lime Sulphur and Bordeaux mixture or with any phosphate containing fertilizers.
- GLUCO-ZINC should preferably be applied in the early morning or late afternoon. Do NOT
 apply to plants that are undergoing a period of moisture or heat stress.
- Consult with your chemical distributor should crop specific programs or any other information be required about the use of GLUCO-ZINC.

CROP	MAXIMUM RATE PER HECTARE	RATE PER 100 & WATER	REMARKS
Avocados	7ℓ		Start first application on flowers in the spring and on all new growth in the summer. $2-3$ applications are recommended. Apply in 2000 ℓ water per hectare.
Brassicacae (Cabbage, Cauliflower, etc.)	2ℓ	100 − 400 m ℓ	Apply at the first signs of a deficiency and repeat 3 − 4 weeks later if necessary. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Citrus	3ℓ		Apply as a full cover spray in spring to all new growth. 2 – 3 applications. Do not spray directly before or during harvest. Apply in 2000 ℓ water per hectare.
Cotton	2ℓ	100 − 400 mℓ	Do first application early in the season and repeat the application if required. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Cucurbits (Pumpkins, Cucumbers, etc.)	2ℓ	100 − 400 m ℓ	Apply at the first signs of a deficiency and repeat 3 − 4 weeks later. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Mangoes	6ℓ	75 − 150 mℓ	Apply as a full cover spray in the spring and repeat the application in the summer if required. Apply in 3000 − 4000 ℓ water per hectare.
Maize and Sweet Corn	2ℓ		Do first application early in the season at the first signs of a deficiency and repeat the application if required. Apply in 200 \(\) water per hectare.
Macadamia, Pecans and other Nuts	6ℓ	50 − 150 m ℓ	Do the first application in the spring and then on all new growth later in the season or when deficiencies occur. 2 – 3 applications are recommended. Apply in 4000 ℓ water per hectare.
Onions	5 ℓ	500 mℓ – 1 ℓ	Apply at the first signs of a deficiency. Repeat application 2 weeks later if required. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Potatoes	2ℓ	100 − 400 mℓ	Apply at the first signs of a deficiency and repeat 3 – 4 weeks later if necessary. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Solanaceae (Tomatoes, Peppers, Chillies, etc.)	2ℓ	100 − 400 m ℓ	Apply at the first signs of a deficiency and repeat 3 − 4 weeks later if necessary. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Small Grain (Wheat, Barley, etc.)	2ℓ		Apply early in the season at the first signs of a deficiency and repeat the application if required. Apply in 200 ℓ water per hectare.
Stone Fruits (Peaches, Plums, Apricots, etc.)	1 ℓ	100 − 200 m ℓ	Apply very early in the season and then again after harvest. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Other Crops	1 ℓ	100 − 200 mℓ	Apply as a full cover spray and repeat every 14 days as required. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Apples and Pears	2 &		2 applications, 1 early in the season and again after harvest in 500 − 2 000 ℓ water per hectare.
Lettuce	2 ℓ	100 − 400 mℓ	1 – 2 applications early in the growing season. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Beans, Groundnuts, Peas, Soybeans	2 ℓ	500 mℓ − 1 ℓ	1 – 2 applications early in the growing season. Apply in 200 ℓ water per hectare.
Olives	3 ℓ	100 − 200 mℓ	Apply early in the growing season and repeat 3 – 4 weeks later on new growth. Apply in 500 ℓ water per hectare.
Tea	3 ℓ		3 – 4 applications depending on severity of deficiency on new spring growth. Apply in 1000 – 2000 ℓ water per hectare.

Use lower rates as a maintenance spray and higher rates to correct deficiencies.